What's missing in Mathlib?

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Some theorems and definitions in order they were added to Mathlib

- Banach fixed-point theorem (Alistair Tucker, 2018/12/26)
- Banach open mapping theorem (Sébastien Gouzel, 2019/04/30)
- Rolle Theorem (YK, 2019/12/23)
- Uniqueness of solutions of ODEs (YK, 2020/01/14)
- FTC-1 (YK, 2020/04/06)
- Composition of analytic functions is analytic (SG, 2020/04/17)
- Inverse function theorem (YK, 2020/04/28)
- FTC-2 (Benjamin Davidson, 2021/01/03)
- Urysohn's Lemma (YK, 2021/04/04)
- Existence of solutions of ODEs (YK, 2021/11/04)
- Maximum modulus principle (YK, 2022/02/27)
- The map ([·]) is injective (YK, 2022/10/01)
- R₁ (preregular) topological space (YK, 2024/01/29)

Missing tactics/features

Nonzero

- should handle goals like $3x^2y \neq 0$:
- could replace custom code in field_simp;

- Positivity handle $x \neq 0 \Rightarrow -x^2 < 0$:
 - more plugins (e.g., for Int.fract);
 - an attribute that creates a plugin automatically.

Rewriting inside Filter. Eventually Make some/all of positivity, gcongr, grw (not yet in Mathlib) work with goals like $f <^f [I]g$.

- Tendsto prove Tendsto by continuity
 - support cobounded, atTop, atBot, $\mathcal{N}[\neq]x$ etc

Asymptotics

- prove asymptotic expansion of a function
- see Isabelle for prior art
- discuss with Terence Tao before implementing

More linters

- Decidable/Fintype/Encodable (WIP)
- Typeclass assumptions are too strong
 - Lean 3 version by Alex J. Best.
- Unnecessary by_cases.

Bundled sets and functions

- What doesn't work can't have generic theorems about composition, map, comap, forgetful functors etc;
 - have to repeat lots of boilerplate code for each type;
- Solution 1: common structure ullet define a common structure BundledSet lpha p
 - use abbrev Submonoid M := BundledSet M IsSubmonoid etc
 - use typeclasses about predicates to define operations
- Solution 2: more typeclasses Introduce typeclasses for lawful composition, multiplication, one, zero, intersection etc.

Simple generalizations/refactors

- upstream theorems from external projects;
- define ae filter for outer measures, generalize some lemmas;
- some basic lemmas in measure theory can be generalized to any filter with countably intersection property;
- drop T2Space or replace it with R1Space here and there;
- allow NormedSpaces over NormedDivisionRings, generalize lots of lemmas;
 - coordinate with Eric Wieser
- ullet add one more IsCoprime, asking for $\forall a,a \mid b \Rightarrow a \mid c \Rightarrow a \mid 1$ instead of $\exists xy,bx+cy=1$

Typeclass generalizations

Linelöf spaces and sets

Definition

A set s is a Lindelöf set, if any open cover of s admits a countable subcover.

- Recently added by Josha Dekker.
- Many lemmas existed before, formulated either for spaces with second-countable topology or for σ -compact spaces.
- Unify API and migrate to it.

Typeclass generalizations

Derivatives in TVS

State of the art HasFDerivAt is defined for a function between normed spaces, thus it doesn't work for $C^{\infty}(\Omega)$ or matrices (unless you fix a norm);

Proposed solution add a version of IsLittleO for topological vector spaces, use it to generalize HasFDerivAtFilter etc

- proof-of-concept exists #9675
- conflicts with existing definition of gauge

Typeclass generalizations

Geometric series rings

State of the art We prove theorems about $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x^k$ separately for complete normed rings and for normed fields; as a side effect, some theorems may require that a normed field is complete, even if it's not needed.

Proposed solution Define a new typeclass saying that $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x^k$ converges whenever ||x|| < 1, merge APIs

Algebraic topology

- $H_n(S^n)$, see Shamrock-Frost/BrouwerFixedPoint;
- $\pi_n(S^n)$;
- $\pi_1(S^2 \setminus s)$, where s is finite;
- universal cover;
- lift of a map to a covering space.

Manifolds

- Riemann sphere, see girving/ray.
- AddCircle
- ullet more generally, quotient by a \mathbb{Z} -lattice
- submanifolds
- generalize smooth vector bundles to smooth bundles
- Riemannian metric
 - a proof-of-concept exists in Lean 3, see also Zulip.

Integrability

- Peano's existence theorem
- Cauchy-Kovalevskaya theorem
- Frobenius theorem
- Cartan' prolongation, Cartan-Kuranisi-Rashevsky theorem

de Rham cohomologies

- redefine topology on continuous multilinear maps (WIP);
- vector bundle of continuous multilinear maps (WIP);
- same for continuous alternating maps;
- (re)define exterior product;
- exterior derivative;
- $d(f^*\omega) = f^*(d\omega)$;
- $d(\omega \wedge \eta)$, $d(f\omega)$
- $d^2 = 0$

Single variable complex analysis See PNT+

- Residue theorem
- Hurwitz's theorem
- Montel's theorem
- Riemann mapping theorem
- Uniformization theorem

Multivariable complex analysis, see girving/ray

- Cauchy integral formula in a polydisc.
- Hartogs's theorem on separate holomorphicity.
- Hartog's extension theorem.
- Schwarz lemma in higher dimension.
- Reinhardt domain, log-convex domain
- Holomorphically convex hull
- Stein manifolds

Fixed point and related theorems

- Brouwer fixed point theorem, see Shamrock-Frost/BrouwerFixedPoint;
- Kakutani fixed-point theorem;
- existence of Nash equilibrium;
- Schauder fixed-point theorem;
- Borsuk-Ulam theorem.

Dynamics on the circle

Data types and operations

Lifts of circle self-maps
$$f(x+1) = f(x) + 1$$

- monotone;
- strictly monotone;
- monotone continuous;
- bijective;
- C^r smooth diffeomorphisms;
- ...with a break point;
- ... with a critical point.

Circle self-maps $f: S^1 \to S^1$

- define all the same types;
- relate to lifts;
- rotation number.

Dynamics on the circle

Theorems

- Denjoy's theorem
- Denjoy's example
- Herman-Yoccoz theorem
- Renormalization operators, their properties
- Maps with breaks, critical maps
- Random dynamics

Local normal forms of vector fields and self-maps

- Hartman-Grobman theorem
- Stable manifold theorem (Hadamard-Perron)
- finitely smooth local normal forms;
- Poincaré-Dulac normal form;
- Sternberg linearization theorem;
- and many more